

**TRAILS AT CROWFOOT
METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
Douglas County, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

**TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
TABLE OF CONTENTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	5
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	6
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	16
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	18



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors
Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 2
Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of assessed valuation, mill levy, and property taxes collected but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

The Adams Group, LLC

Greenwood Village, Colorado
September 12, 2025

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Receivable from County Treasurer	\$ 7,764
Property Tax Receivable	<u>1,475,944</u>
Total Assets	<u>1,483,708</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to Town of Parker	504
Due to Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 3	<u>7,260</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>7,764</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	<u>1,475,944</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,475,944</u>
NET POSITION	
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u>Expenses</u>				
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 1,247,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,247,688)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,247,688</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(1,247,688)
GENERAL REVENUES					
					1,155,919
Property Taxes					86,626
Specific Ownership Taxes					440
Interest Income					4,703
Other Revenue					<u>1,247,688</u>
Total General Revenues					
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					
					-
Net Position - Beginning of Year					<u>-</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					
					<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Receivable from County Treasurer	\$ 1,512	\$ 6,252	\$ 7,764
Property Tax Receivable	<u>191,674</u>	<u>1,284,270</u>	<u>1,475,944</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 193,186</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,522</u>	<u>\$ 1,483,708</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Due to Town of Parker	\$ 504	\$ -	\$ 504
Due to Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 3	<u>1,008</u>	<u>6,252</u>	<u>7,260</u>
Total Liabilities	1,512	6,252	7,764
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Property Tax	<u>191,674</u>	<u>1,284,270</u>	<u>1,475,944</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	191,674	1,284,270	1,475,944
FUND BALANCES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 193,186</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,522</u>	<u>\$ 1,483,708</u>

NOTE: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are the same as above.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 150,121	\$ 855,688	\$ 1,005,809
Specific Ownership Taxes	11,250	64,128	75,378
Interest Income	110	330	440
Other Revenue	4,703	-	4,703
Property Taxes - Town Capital and Maintenance	75,055	-	75,055
Specific Ownership Taxes - Town Capital and Maintenance	5,624	-	5,624
Property Taxes - Infrastructure Capital	-	75,055	75,055
Specific Ownership Taxes - Infrastructure Capital	-	5,624	5,624
Total Revenues	<u>246,863</u>	<u>1,000,825</u>	<u>1,247,688</u>
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's Fee	2,262	12,893	15,155
County Treasurer's Fee - Infrastructure Capital	-	1,131	1,131
County Treasurer's Fee - Town Capital and Maintenance	1,131	-	1,131
Intergovernmental Expenditures	163,922	986,801	1,150,723
Transfers to Town of Parker	79,548	-	79,548
Total Expenditures	<u>246,863</u>	<u>1,000,825</u>	<u>1,247,688</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>

NOTE: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are the same as above.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 150,198	\$ 150,121	\$ (77)
Specific Ownership Taxes	13,518	11,250	(2,268)
Interest Income	-	110	110
Other Revenue	4,433	4,703	270
Property Taxes - Town Capital and Maintenance	75,093	75,055	(38)
Specific Ownership Taxes - Town Capital and Maintenance	6,758	5,624	(1,134)
Total Revenues	250,000	246,863	(3,137)
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's Fee	2,253	2,262	(9)
County Treasurer's Fee - Town Capital and Maintenance	1,126	1,131	(5)
Intergovernmental Expenditures	161,463	163,922	(2,459)
Transfers to Town of Parker	80,725	79,548	1,177
Contingency	4,433	-	4,433
Total Expenditures	250,000	246,863	3,137
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado under Title 32, Article 1 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, was organized as Hess Ranch Metropolitan District No. 2 by order of the District Court in Douglas County on April 11, 2016. In May 2019, the District changed its name to Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 2. The formation of the District was approved by the Town of Parker, Colorado (the Town) in conjunction with the approval by the Town Board of a Consolidated Service Plan for the District and Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 3 (together, the Districts) and Hess Ranch Metropolitan District Nos. 4-8. The District's service area is located south of Hess Road and west of Motsenbocker Road in the Town of Parker in Douglas County, Colorado. The District is located within the boundaries of the Town of Parker, Colorado. On June 17, 2019, the Town approved an Amended and Restated Consolidated Service Plan for the Districts. On November 21, 2022, the District approved a Resolution Appending Service Plan.

The District was organized to provide a part or all of the public improvements for the use and benefit of all anticipated constituents and taxpayers of the District. The primary purpose of the District is to finance the construction of public improvements, including street improvements, park and recreation, water, sanitation, public transportation, mosquito control, traffic and safety control, fire protection, television relay and translation, and security.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and public hearing requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets being constructed which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities or to be owned by the District are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets.

The District had no capital assets as of December 31, 2024.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2024, the District had no cash deposits.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows State statutes regarding investments.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2024, the District had no investments.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District currently has no long-term obligations.

Authorized Debt

On November 3, 2015 and November 5, 2019, the District's voters authorized indebtedness for various purposes in accordance with its Service Plan powers to construct certain public improvements. Also pursuant to the Service Plan, the combined debt that the Districts are permitted to issue shall not exceed \$90,068,750. The District has not issued debt.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 5 AGREEMENTS

District Operating Agreement

On June 17, 2019, the Districts entered into an Amended and Restated District Operating Agreement (the Districts IGA). Pursuant to this agreement, the Districts have agreed that in order to provide the most economical and efficient services associated with certain portions of the public improvements, Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 3 (District No. 3) will act as the Operating District and perform certain functions on behalf of the Districts.

Pursuant to the Districts IGA, District No. 3, on behalf of the Districts, will own, operate and maintain a part of the public improvements, and will also perform all administrative services on behalf of the Districts, including serving as records custodian, coordinating board of directors' meetings, preparation of checks, coordination with an accounting firm for financial report preparation, insurance administration, election administration, budget preparation, responses to inquiries from property owners, and other services.

In exchange for these services, the Districts agree to fund the Capital Costs and the Service Costs on an annual basis. Capital Costs means the costs of planning, designing, constructing and acquiring the public improvements. Service Costs means all operation, maintenance, and administrative costs incurred by District No. 3 under the Districts IGA.

Agreement with Town

On June 17, 2019, each of the Districts entered into separate intergovernmental agreements with the Town (collectively, the Town IGAs). The Town IGAs provide that the Districts will impose (a) the Infrastructure Capital Mill Levy (5 mills, subject to adjustment) and use the proceeds for regional improvements, (b) the Town Capital and Maintenance Mill Levy (5 mills, subject to adjustment) and use the proceeds for Town improvements, and (c) the Operations Mill Levy (up to 10 mills, subject to adjustment) and use the proceeds for the ongoing administrative and operating expenses of the Districts and for the maintenance of certain of the regional improvements.

The Town IGAs require that the proceeds of the Infrastructure Capital Mill Levy and the Town Capital and Maintenance Mill Levy be paid by the Districts to the Town; provided, however, that the Districts are permitted to retain revenues from the Infrastructure Capital Mill Levy to the extent needed to pay debt service on obligations repayable in whole or in part from such mill levy.

The Town IGAs also impose a debt limit on the Districts of \$90,068,750, exclusive of refunding, which is consistent with the debt limit set forth in the Service Plans.

Capital Pledge Agreement

On July 1, 2019, the Districts and Trustee entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement. Pursuant to this agreement, the District is obligated to impose ad valorem property taxes in an amount equal to the Required Mill Levy (as defined in the Capital Pledge Agreement) and pay the proceeds thereof, along with other components of Pledged Revenue (as defined in the Capital Pledge Agreement) to the Trustee, or as otherwise directed by District No. 3, pledged for payment of District No. 3's debt service obligations.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is HR 935, LLC. In 2024, four members of the Board of Directors were employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, workers' compensation, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The District transfers substantially all funds received to District No. 3. Therefore, the Emergency Reserves related to the District's revenues are reported in District No. 3.

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION (CONTINUED)

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 856,126	\$ 855,688	\$ (438)
Specific Ownership Taxes	77,051	64,128	(12,923)
Interest Income	-	330	330
Other Revenue	4,972	-	(4,972)
Property Taxes - Infrastructure Capital	75,093	75,055	(38)
Specific Ownership Taxes - Infrastructure Capital	6,758	5,624	(1,134)
Total Revenues	1,020,000	1,000,825	(19,175)
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's Fee	12,842	12,893	(51)
County Treasurer's Fee - Infrastructure Capital	1,126	1,131	(5)
Intergovernmental Expenditures	1,001,060	986,801	14,259
Contingency	4,972	-	4,972
Total Expenditures	1,020,000	1,000,825	19,175
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

OTHER INFORMATION

TRAILS AT CROWFOOT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
DECEMBER 31, 2024

Year Ended December 31,	Assessed Valuation	Total Mills Levied			Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
		General Operations	Contractual	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	
2020	\$ 50	10.069	10.068	57.398	\$ 4	\$ 4	100.00 %
2021	5,334,640	10.069	10.068	57.398	413,622	413,622	100.00 %
2022	6,082,510	10.069	10.068	57.398	471,607	471,608	100.00 %
2023	8,236,250	10.164	10.164	57.939	644,627	639,947	99.27 %
2024	13,304,840	11.289	11.288	64.347	1,156,510	1,155,919	99.95 %
Estimated for Year Ending December 31, 2025	\$ 16,719,650	11.464	11.464	65.348	\$ 1,475,944		

Note: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years.
Information received from the Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

Source: Douglas County Assessor and Treasurer.